

Vaccinations for Adults

You're NEVER too old to get immunized!

Getting immunized is a lifelong, life-protecting job. Don't leave your healthcare provider's office without making sure you've had all the vaccinations you need.

| Age ▶ Vaccine ▼ | 19-49 years | 50-64 years | 5 | 65 years & older |
|--|---|------------------------------|---------|--|
| Influenza | You need a dose every fall (or winter). | | | |
| Pneumococcal | You need 1–2 doses if you smoke cigare medical conditions.* | ettes or if you have certain | chronic | You need 1 dose at age 65 (or older) if you've never been vaccinated. You may also need a 2nd dose.* |
| Tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis (Td, Tdap) | If you haven't had at least 3 tetanus-and-diphtheria-containing shots sometime in your life, you need to get them now. Start with dose #1, followed by dose #2 in 1 month, and dose #3 in 6 months. All adults need Td booster doses every 10 years. If you're younger than age 65 years and haven't had pertussis-containing vaccine as an adult, one of the doses that you receive should have pertussis (whooping cough) vaccine in it—known as Tdap. Be sure to consult your healthcare provider if you have a deep or dirty wound. | | | |
| Hepatitis B (HepB) | You need this vaccine if you have a specific risk factor for hepatitis B virus infection* or you simply wish to be protected from this disease. The vaccine is given as a 3-dose series (dose #1 now, followed by dose #2 in 1 month, and dose #3, usually given 5 months after dose #2). | | | |
| Hepatitis A (HepA) | You need this vaccine if you have a specific risk factor for hepatitis A virus infection* or you simply wish to be protected from this disease. The vaccine is usually given as 2 doses, 6–18 months apart. | | | |
| Human papillomavirus (HPV) | You need this vaccine if you are a woman who is age 26 years or younger. One brand, Gardasil, can be given to men age 26 years or younger to prevent genital warts. The vaccine is given in 3 doses over 6 months. | | | |
| Measles, mumps, rubella (MMR) | You need at least 1 dose of MMR if you were born in 1957 or later. You may also need a 2nd dose.* | | | |
| Varicella (Chickenpox) | If you've never had chickenpox or you were vaccinated but only received 1 dose, talk to your healthcare provider about whether you need this vaccine. | | | |
| Meningococcal | If you are a young adult going to college and plan to live in a dormitory, you need to get vaccinated against meningococcal disease. People with certain medical conditions should also receive this vaccine.* | | | |
| Zoster (shingles) | | | | age 60 years or older, you should coine now. |

^{*} Consult your healthcare provider to determine your level of risk for infection and your need for this vaccine.

Do you travel outside the United States? If so, you may need additional vaccines. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) provides information to assist travelers and their healthcare providers in deciding the vaccines, medications, and other measures necessary to prevent illness and injury during international travel. Visit CDC's website at www.cdc.gov/travel or call (800) CDC-INFO ([800] 232-4636). You may also consult a travel clinic or your healthcare provider.

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www.immunize.org/catg.d/p4030.pdf • Item #P4030 (5/10)